countries will soon find their level, and in both, the value of land will go on rising, as the population mul-

tiplies.

The connection between population, receipts for land and bank issues, in N. South Wales, may be shown

YEARS.	POPULATION	RECEIPTS FOR LAND.	BANK NOTE CIRCULATION
1836	77,096	£105,163	£106,127
1837	85,267	120,171	113,330
1838	37,912	116,324	121,602
1839	114,386	154,744	170,205
1840	129,463	313,012	215,729

But the Sandwich Islanders are not to suppose that these results were obtained in the early stages of the colony. At first, land was granted without price, as a reward for public services; and also to settlers, in quantity proportioned to their means of placing that quantity under cultivation. In both instances, it was given for ever, unless the grantee neglected to cultivate his allotment, in which case, but in that only after a certain number of years, it reverted to the crown.

Under the liberal system pursued by Great Britain, in that colony, the following are the results:

Sheep, from 1828 to 1843, increased from 536,000 to 6,000,000. Horned-cattle, during the same period, from 263,000 to 800,000. And Exports, from 1832 to 1842, from £384,344 to £1,067,-

411; being at the rate of £11 15 for every inhabitant Let those who administer the affairs of the Sandwich Island government, ask themselves what benefits have as yet arisen from their system, if the principle of leaving nothing fixed, but every thing revocable, can be

CANARY ISLANDS .- Nor is the progress of population and improvement confined to the Anglo-Saxon race and their possessions. Of this truth, the Canary Islands, in the North Atlantic, afford an example. In number, position and climate, they bear some analogy to these islands. The following table shows what progress they have made in 83 years:

Islands.	Arec	2.00	Population in 1742.	Popula- tion in 1835
CANARY,	758	3	33,864	€8,040
GOMERA,	169	7	6,251	11,742
HIERRO,	82	2	3,687	4,111
FUERTEVENT	URA,326	1	7,382	13,885
LANZAROTE,	323	5	7,210	17,434
PALMA,	718	5	17,580	33,059
TENERIFFE,	877	7	60,218	85,011
	3256	0	136,192	233,645

The progression of population and improvement, in those islands, is indeed slow, but it is sure and gradual, while in the Sandwich Islands, what has it been, in the sense commanded by the Creator, in the first chapter of

PHILLIPINE ISLANDS.—In this same ocean, exists a group of 10 islands of various sizes and a few small ones, which affords another example full of instruction to the Sandwich Islands. They are the Phillipine Group. They are as follows .

Islands.	Area in square miles.	Population in 1837.
Luzon,	56,604	2,264,807
ISLADE NEG	Ros. 3,774	35,622
LAYTE,	4,198	92,165
MASSATE,	1,215	2,310
MINDORO,	4,155	29,632
PANAY,	4,516	406,030
SAMAR,	5,470	99,635
MAGINDAN	Ao, 35,637	74,569
PALAWAN,	7,558	11,097
ZEBRE,	2,162	250,817
SMALL ISL.	ANDS, 8,826	15,000
Tota	d, 134,115	3,281,675

In the islands of Palawan and Magindanao, there is a portion of native territory in each, of which the population is not included. And the population of the small islands has never, to my knowledge, been exactly taken. Nevertheless, of late years, great improvements have been made in the agriculture, commerce and shipping of the group, while here, in this group, the population is going backward every day, agriculture und commerce remain almost stationary, and beyond good principles of moral action and the elements of a good and useful education generally diffused through the exertions of the missionaries, there is no manifestation of an improvement, in its ratio, commensurate with that evinced in all other countries enjoying the same natural and acquired advantages.

I am aware that, heretofore, the ruling powers have excused themselves, in their indolence, indifference and inaction, on the plea of the interference of foreign powers, cramping their energies, and thwarting their pur-poses; but this plea, if ever well founded, is valid no longer; for from the date of the Agreement of Great Britain, the United States and France, to respect their independence, they can operate without control in the full plenitude of guaranteed sovereignty; and it becomes them now, by their prompt and wise doings, to con-vince those nations that their belief of their capability to exercise sovereign power, for the benefit of the in

habitants, and of the Islands, was well-founded.

There never before offered such an opportunity for testing the ability of the copper-colored race of man, to govern themselves, as that which now presents itself to the natives of these islands. And I do most devoutly hope, for the honor of the Sandwich Islanders, and for the glory of the christianity to which they owe so much, that they will show themselves equal to the trial. I feel assured that the representatives of the three great powers before named, will not be wanting in a disposition to favor and assist them; the editors of the two periodicals here established, will pour in their light. lights upon all things, religious, moral, commercial, political and financial; and the ministers of the gospe will add their prayers for the blessing of God upon their endeavors But they must not be wanting to themselves in making these endeavors.

Musical...." Smith," said a New York Judge, when about to sentence a culprit but just arrived in the country, "Smith, I shall sons who have taken out Licences for the be compelled to send you to Sing Sing."

"Don't, Judge," said Smith. "I have a very bad cold just at this particular time, and would rather be excused from singing until I get over my hoarseness, if it's all the same to you."

Patriotic.-"Feller sogers," said a newly elected lieutenant of militia away down in C. Brewer & Co., Maine, "I'm allfired obleeged to you for this shove up in the ranks you have given me. Feller sogers, I'm not 'going to forget your William Paty, kindness soon, not by a darned sight; and I'll tell you what it is, I'll stick to my post like pitch to a pine board, so long as there's S. Reynolds, peace; but as I go in for rotation in office, if Hungtai, we should come to blows with the Britishers, E. C. Webster, I'll be darned if I don't resign right off, and Eli Jones, give every fellow a fair shake for fame and Robert Davis, glory, and all that ere."

THE POLYNESIAN.

HONOLULU, SATURDAY, JULY 6, 1844.

We must beg the indulgence of our domestic readers, for extracting in full the Notes of R. C. Wyllie, Esq. from the Friend of 1st July, for the sake of our foreign subscribers. To them it will be novel, as it embodies information of particular value, and to be derived from no other source. We most cordially commend to those interested the hints, with which the author has interspersed his facts. There may be a difference of opinion on some points, but they merit careful attention, and for one, having the welfare of this kingdom deeply at heart, we most cordially thank Mr. Wyllie for his disinterested labors, and trust his example will not be lost upon others who visit these shores.

article, his remarks upon the inadequate remuneration of native labor. We cannot coincide with him in believing that such is the case. The value of labor in all countries mainly depends upon two points; the demand, and price of provisions. Now, compared with the population, the demand is very limited; thousands of natives on the several islands living lives of alternate industry and laziness, as necessity or whim predominates. Their indifference to employment, even when offered by foreigners at handsome rates, is proverbial. The consequence is, that the mass of the population still has nothing to do, beside cultivating their own little patches of land, which require but a small portion of their time, but which, in the aggregate, renders food plentiful and cheap. These two causes render the prices what they are, and compared with India, the Philippine Islands, and many other countries, where day labor is but from one fourth to a third of our rates, it is high. But, as plantations increase, and the influx of foreigners becomes greater, labor and provisions, will necessarily rise. But, to be of value, it should be of a better nature than it is at present. Compared with American and European labor, it is very inefficient: a Hawaiian field hand does but little, compared with a white man, and requires constant surveillance. Moreover, when first hired, they are not only lazy, but stupid, and ignorant of tools, requiring on the part of their employer no little skill and patience, to teach them. We believe it to be the fact that Hawaiians are far better paid for their labor, in proportion to its value, than the laborers of Europe; the field hands of England, and the sempstresses of the large towns, tell a sad tale in this respect; a few pence a day being the utmost they can earn; and the latter are often called upon to work during most of the night, as well as the day. (See Charlotte Elizabeth's "Wrongs of women, and The Glory and Shame of England.") The wages are higher, however, than Mr. W. presumes. In addition to the 12½ cents, per diem, paid in cash, the laborers of the large plantations, have their houses, food, and taxes found them, so that the actual rate is at least 121 cents, cash, per diem, a very remunerating rate, when food, as he observes, costs but little above one cent per day.

LICENSES .- The following is a List of per-

years 1844-45 : -Wholesale and Retail Stores.

Eli Jones, Cummins & Co., Stephen Reynolds, Ahung, E. C. Webster, Peter Corney,

G. Pelly, & G. T. Allan, Ladd & Co., H. Skinner & Co., Paty & Co., E. & H. Grimes.

Auctioneers.

Godfrey Rhodes.

Retail Stores.

L. Gravier,

I. Montgomery, C. J. Colson, George M. More, Samsing & Co., Taihune, Cummins & Co.

V. Boyer, Ahung, L. Gravier, James Robinson & Carter & Thompson, Co.

Temperance Houses.

Kalehuna, J. Anderson, Hewahewa.

Retailers of Wines, and Spirits. Henry Zupplien, Samuel Thompson, J. Stupplebeen, John Meek,

Joseph Booth, John Clapp and Ed. Dennis.

The weather, previous to the last few days, has been exceedingly hot, but the late rains and strong trades have laid the dust, refreshed vegetation and cooled the atmosphere. The 4th was a beautiful day. At sunrise, noon, and sunset, the U. S. ship Levant fired a national salute in honor of the day. Stores were closed, and the residents Our readers will notice in Mr. Wyllie's generally, without distinction of country, united in sociably enjoying the holiday.

> A full Report of the case of GEORGE PELLY rs. RICHARD CHARLTON, in an action for slander, will be published in a pamphlet form, at this office, as soon as our other engagements will permit .-Single copies, 25 cents: a reduction made when any quantity is ordered. Those who wish copies, will oblige us by sending in their names early, that we may ascertain the number that will be required.

Latest Dates. From London, March 12-Paris, March 10-

United States, (New Orleans) April 26, (Boston) April 10-(New-York) April 11 - Mazatlan, May 30-Society Islands (Tahiti) June 19.

Passengers. Per brig Lafayette-C. Brewer, Esq.; F. Johnon; Mr. and Mrs. Pitman. Per brig Bull-Capt J. Muir.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE FOR THE PORT OF HONOLULU





RRIVED

June 30-Br. barque Honolulu, Rossum, from July 2-Am. brig Lafayette, Winchester, from Hilo and Lahaina.

July 5—Swedish brig Bull, Worngren, from Ta-hiti. Touched at Lahaina, and landed Dr. Winslow and family.

SAILED.

July 4-Br. sch. Falcon, Chap, for Sydney. July 5-U. S. ship Levant, Page, for California and Mexico.

Shipping Memorandum.—Brig Globe was at Tahiti June 2; also, U. S. ship Warren, June 11: all well. Both vessels to leave for this port, 19th. Eng. Frigate Thalia, and War steamer Salaman-

der, were lying off Papeite, being refused entrance to the harbor, unless they would salute the French

A French merchant ship, with 400 tons coal, and \$12,000 merchandise, went ashore on the reef, at Papeite, and sunk in 10 fathoms water.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

For Lahaina and Hilo.

THE American Brigantine LAFAY-FAYETTE, Winchester master, will sail for the above ports on WEDNES-DAY 10th inst., and will remain sufficiently long to enable visiters to go to the volcano, and return in her. For freight or passage, apply to BREWER & CO., or to the master on board. Iw

Dissolution.

THE Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of B. PITMAN & SON, having expired by limitation, the affairs of the late concern will be settled by B. PITMAN, Sen. July 6, 1844. (3w) or B. PITMAN, Jr.

Notice. THE undersigned having taken out a license for twelve months, commencing on the 1st inst., respectfully tenders his services as AUCTIONEER, and solicits a portion of the public patronage and G. RHODES.

July 6, 1844. NEW GOODS. RECEIVED, and for sale by E. & H. GRIMES, the following goods,—viz :—

4 cases fine calf Boots; 5 do. pegged do.; 19 bbls. Pine Apple; 32 cases Cordials; 54 jars Preserved Ginger; 11,000 lbs. Bread; 60 gro. clay Pipes; 47 doz. Batson's Brown Stout; 20 prs. Ox Bows; 1 bale Sarsaparilla; 10 cane seat Settees; 4 doz. do. do. Chairs; 6 China Tea Sets; 2 prs. Green Shades; 3 prs. Glass Candlesticks, with cut shades; 2000 Scotch plaid Hdkfs.; 20 lbs. assorted Sewing Silk; 300 lbs. brown, black, and white Linen Thread; 50 bbl. Oil Casks; 50 bbl. clean do.; 200 ps. black Hat Ribbon; 6 ps. black Crape; 4 do. buff do. July 6.

TWO neat wooden COTTAGES in the valley of Nuuanu, about two miles from the town of Honolulu. For terms, apply to C. BREWER & CO.

Notice. OCTOR C. F. WINSLOW, from the United States, having established himself a permanent resident at Maui, offers his services to those persons who visit that port, in need of Medical or Surgical attendance.

Maui, July 6, 1844.

NEW GOODS.

TUST RECEIVED per English Brig Laura Ann, Thomas, master, from Valparaiso, and for sale by C. BREWER & CO., the following articles, viz:

13 cases Prints-new styles-assorted: 3 do. Indianas: 1 case Broadcloth: 2 cases blue Drills: 58 boxes Claret Wine: 20 bales 3-4 brown Cottons: 2 hhds. Hams: 34 jars Linseed Oil: 5000 lbs. bar Iron: 93 bags Flour—superfine: 1 bale Bunting—assorted colors: 15 doz. Chest Locks: 10 boxes Loaf Sugar: 1250 lbs. White Lead: 1100 feet window Glass: 20 kegs Sherry Wine, first quality: 7 bbls.

Books.

OR sale at this office, Binkershoock's Law of War; Curtis' Admiralty Digest; do Conveyancer; do Merchant Seamen; Stevens & Beueeke on msurance; Story on Bailments; do do Constitution, 3 vols; do do Partnership; do do Bills Exchange; Bancroft's U. S., 3 vols; do do abridged, 2 vols; Chandler's Trials; Edward's Anatomy; Espy on Storms; Heeren's Greece; Hillhouse Tragedies, 2 vols; Life in Mexico, 2 vols; Louis on Phthisis; Ferdinand and Isabella, 3 vols; Spenser's Poetical Works, 5 vols; Totten's Naval Text Book; Townshead's Facts; Trial of Jesus. May 22.

For Sale, Boston built four wheeled BUGGY, lined with A drab-colored cassimere. Also, a harness. In-J. J. JARVES. May 22.

Money Safe. NOR SALE, at this Office, an English made iron Money SAFE.

June 15

NOTICE.

"VESSELS APPROACHING HON-OLULU, and desiring a PILOT, will set their national ensign and pilot signal, on which he will go off immediately.'

The great number of ships coming in from La-haina, and intending to lie off and on, or to come to anchor without employing a pilot, renders attention to the above requirement of the Harbor Laws necessary.

The undersigned will give prompt attendance on all vessels that require his services, but he wishes it to be understood that he will not go off without being signalized as required in the above quoted law, a compliance with which will be necessary to justify any future complaint against him for want of atten-JOHN MEEK.

Honolulu, June 15, 1844.

Copartnership Notice. HE undersigned have entered into a Copartnership for the purpose of carrying on the HOUSE CARPENTER'S business, in its various branches, and

respectfully solicit a share of the public patronage. N. B .- Work done at the shortest notice, and in the best and most workmanlike manner.

MARTIN S. RODGERS, PERCY B. SHELLEY.

Honolulu, May 22d, 1844.

Copartnership Notice.

THE undersigned would inform their friends and L the public, that they have this day entered into Copartnership as HOUSE CARPENTERS and JOINERS, and keep constantly on hand, for sale, Sash Doors; Panelled do.; Venetian do.; Batten do.; Sashes, Panelled Shutters, &c. &c. &c.

Jobbing done on the shortest notice. Wanted,-A few Journeymen Carpenters. C. W. VINCENT, JOHN WILEY.

Honolulu, May 24, 1844.

JOHN N. COLCORD.

Notice

S hereby given to all persons having demands against the undersigned, that he is ready to pay all just claims; and all those who are indebted to him are requested to call and settle their accounts on or before the 20th of July next. All accounts remaining unsettled after that date will be put in train of collection in the courts of this country

Honolulu, June 15.

Wanted, 3000 POUNDS Sterling, in British Government Bills, for which cash will be Paid, at the rate of 4s. 6d. per dollar, if applied for soon, by C. BREWER & CO. May 2.

Apartments to be Let.
WO GOOD ROOMS—by the month. Apply at this Office.

JOHN BALLOU, Tailors. C. H. NICHOLSON, \

SHOP OVER THE STORE OF MR. E. C. WEBSTER. Honolulu, June 15.

NOTICE. Honolulu, Oahu, Sandwich Islands, September 1, 1843.

THE firm of PIERCE & BREWER was dissolved on the 31st ultimo, having expired by limitation; the affairs of the late concern will be settled by Mr. Charles Brewer, at these Islands, or Mr. Henry A. Pierce, in Boston, Mass., United States of America.

The business will be continued by Messrs. Charles Brewer, J. F. B. Marshall, and Francis Johnson, under the firm of C. Brewer & Co., commencing on this date. HENRY A. PIERCE, May 22. CHARLES BREWER

Notice. For wast those who wish to subscribe to the POLYNESIAN, to send their names to us,

with the subscription — payable in all cases in advance. Some papers have been ordered through our native carrier, but as he is liable to make mistakes in regard to the names of the individuals who subscribe, we shall in future send papers only to those who order them through us. If any mistakes are made in the delivery to subscribers, they shall immediately be corrected, upon notice being given.